

AR326: Creating and Maintaining Deposits

Instructor Led Training



Introduction

Welcome

Welcome to Cardinal Training!

This training provides employees with the skills and information necessary to use Cardinal. It is not intended to replace existing Commonwealth and/or agency policies.

By now, you have completed all prerequisite courses for this course and discovered the different functional areas and modules included in Cardinal. In this course, we will walk you through the deposits processes in Cardinal.



Introduction

Introduction

In the Cardinal Overview, you learned that the Accounts Receivable functional area of Cardinal is composed of three modules:

Customers

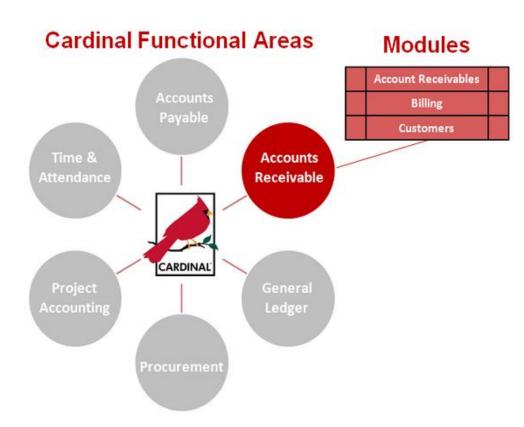
The Customers module stores customer and contact information for use in Billing, Accounts Receivable, and other modules.

Billing

The Billing module involves creating invoices, reviewing and validating invoices, and managing billing and distribution cycles.

Accounts Receivable

The Accounts Receivable module automates item processing to ensure timely and accurate payment for goods and services.





Introduction

Course Objectives

After completing this course, you will be able to:

- Define basic deposits terms
- List the different types of payments that can be entered into Cardinal
- · Explain how maintaining deposits fits into the end-to-end process for Cardinal
- Explain how vendor processing integrates with Accounts Receivable
- Explain how deposits interfaces with other systems outside of Cardinal
- List the roles involved in the deposits process and describe tasks that each role performs
- Describe key reports and queries

Assessment questions at the end of each topic and/or lesson will check for your understanding.



Introduction

Agenda

Today, we will cover the following lessons:

- Lesson 1: Understanding Deposits
- Lesson 2: Entering a Payment
- Lesson 3: Processing a Payment
- Lesson 4: Finalizing a Deposit
- Lesson 5: Deposits Reports, Queries, and Online Inquiries
- Lesson 6: Deposits Hands-On Practice



Introduction

Lesson Topics

In this lesson, you will learn about the following topics:

- Key Terms
- Key Concepts
- · Process and Roles
- Integration and Interfaces





Topic 1: Key Terms

Key Terms

- Deposits: Payments that are being processed. A payment can be applied to multiple items for a single customer or to multiple items for different customers.
- Payment: Funds from a customer that are applied towards an open item. A Payment and Direct Journal can be applied to multiple items for a single customer or multiple items for different customers.
- Electronic payment: Payments from EDI transmissions and EFT payment files that are routed to the treasury.
- Direct journal payments: Payments that do not correspond to open items. Cardinal refers to these payments as directly journaled entry payments and treats them as miscellaneous cash receipts. These receipts are not associated with a customer and are not applied to any item.





Topic 1: Key Terms

Key Terms (Continued)

- Payment Status: Code that identifies a payment's status as it is processed. The status depends on the payment entry method that was used and the way in which the payment was last processed. Possible payment status codes include PND (Pending), RDY (Ready) and INV (Invoiced).
- Payment Predictor: The process that matches payments to open items and creates payment worksheets
- Worksheet: Tool that provides a way to apply a
 payment to items in Cardinal. If a payment does
 not match an open item 100%, a worksheet is
 created in order to apply the payment.





Topic 1: Key Terms

Key Terms (Continued)

- Deposit ID: The unique key reference for deposits in Cardinal. This number is associated with one deposit and can be used as a lookup to view details of a deposit, including control totals and status.
- Deposit Certificate Number: This number is manually entered into the Custom Deposit Process page by a manager and is the number associated with a group of deposit IDs generated in Cardinal. This number is then interfaced to DOA and sent to the Treasury.
- Budget Check: The process of checking transactions against budget ledgers to see if they pass, fail, or pass with a warning.
- Deposit Type: Value that represents the method of payment (i.e. cash, check, etc.). Deposit Types must be set up when entering a deposit online.





Topic 2: Key Concepts

Key Concepts

Some key concepts in creating and maintaining deposits include:

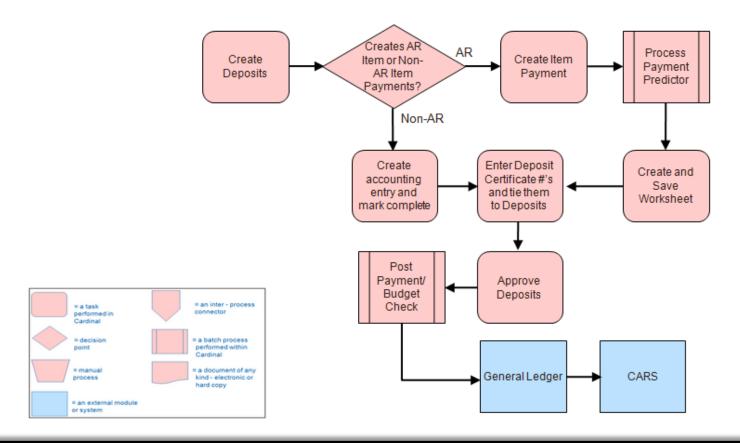
- The payment predictor process can be used to create and save a worksheet. If a payment cannot be matched using payment predictor, a manual payment worksheet is used.
- Worksheets only need to be created for payments that cannot be matched by payment predictor.
- The deposit certificate process batches and records deposit certificate numbers in Cardinal. Cardinal sends deposit information to CARS.
- The deposit certificate process does not allow deposits to be posted in CARS before being posted in Cardinal. The approval process posts payments and sends deposits to CARS via interface.
- The person designated to approve deposits completes the deposit certificate page in Cardinal and sends the payments/deposits to post.



Topic 3: Process and Roles

Deposits Process

The Deposits business process involves entering payment information received by multiple sources, processing payments, finalizing a deposit, and posting and reconciling a payment. Deposit information can be entered manually online.





Topic 3: Process and Roles

<u>Roles</u>

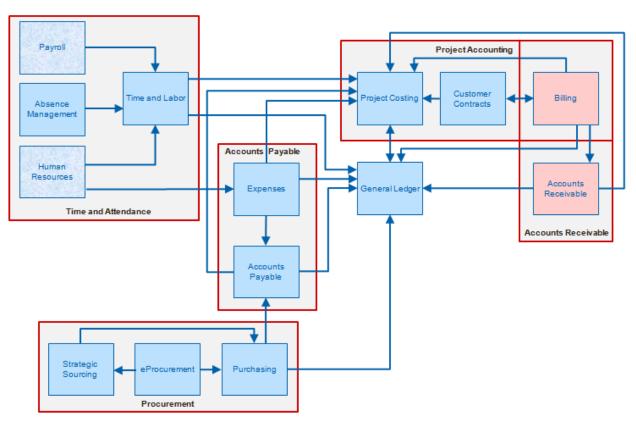
Module	Role Name	Functional Description
Accounts Receivable	Accounts Receivable Fiscal Manager	This role has access to perform all Accounts Receivable and Billing functions. In addition, this role has access to: • Make adjustments and corrections
Accounts Receivable	Accounts Receivable Specialist	This is the basic Accounts Receivable role. This role has access to: • Review item information • Perform item maintenance (adjust and transfer) • Update customer information
Accounts Receivable	Accounts Receivable Supervisor	This role has access to everything the Accounts Receivable Specialist role has. In addition, this role has access to: • Approve adjustments
Accounts Receivable	Funds Receipts Manager	This role has access to everything the Funds Receipts Processor role has. In addition, this role has access to: • Run Payment Predictor • Group and approve deposits with a custom deposit certificate transaction to CARS
Accounts Receivable	Funds Receipts Processor	This role has access to: • Enter payments and deposits • Apply payments to a customer's items using a worksheet • Enter directly journaled payments



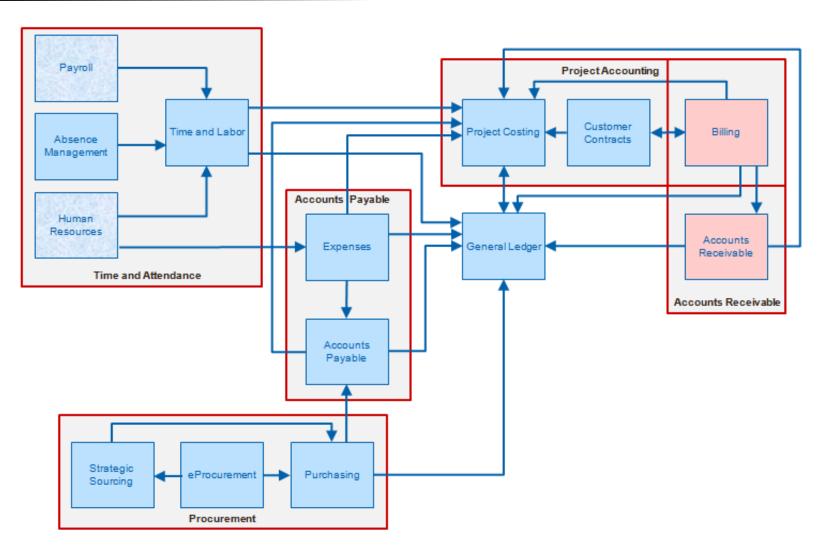
Topic 4: Integration and Interfaces

Integration and Interfaces with Billing and Accounts Receivable

Accounts Receivable shares deposit information through its integration with General Ledger and interfaces with external systems as well.









Topic 4: Integration and Interfaces

Interface with CARS

Entering funds receipts and applying payments in Cardinal interfaces with CARS to send an electronic receipt of information about funds for recording reimbursements and reducing receivables.





Topic 4: Integration and Interfaces

Interface with Integrated Revenue Management System

The Department of Taxation will return funds receipt information about individual debts referred to the Debt Setoff process.





Lesson Checkpoint

Lesson Checkpoint

Now is your opportunity to check your understanding of the course material.



Lesson Checkpoint

Lesson Checkpoint

Now is your opportunity to check your understanding of the course material.

Terms	Integration/Interfaces	Roles
1pt	1pt	1pt
2pts	2pts	2pts
3pts	3pts	3pts



Lesson Summary

Lesson Summary

In this lesson, you learned:

- · To recognize key terms in the deposits process and explain their meaning
- The key concepts in the deposits process
- The ways that the deposits process integrates with other modules in Cardinal and interfaces with external systems



Introduction

Lesson Objectives

After completing this lesson, you will be able to:

- Describe the process for receiving payments
- · Enter different types of payments into Cardinal



Introduction

Lesson Topics

In this lesson, you will learn about the following topics:

- Receive Payments
- Receive Payments for Direct Journal
- Enter Payments
- Enter a Direct Journal Payment





Topic 1: Entering a Payment

Entering a Payment

The receipt of payments initiates the creation of a deposit in Cardinal. Various forms of payment such as cash, checks, third party receipts, and electronic funds transfers may be received. A separate deposit is created for each method of payment. This aids Treasury in reconciliation with the bank.



Topic 1: Entering a Payment

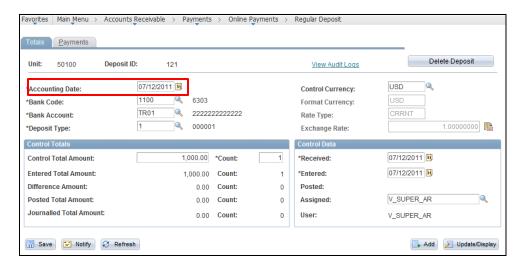
Enter an Item Payment

Users may enter identifying information for payments related to receivable items. Item IDs or Customer IDs are entered to aid application of payments against the appropriate receivable balances. The more information you can provide on this page, the easier it will be to work with the payment worksheet.

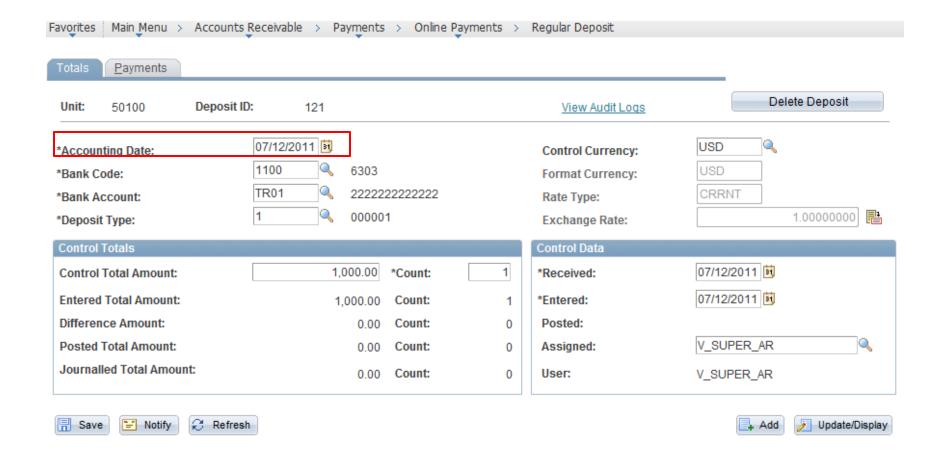
Payments may or may not correspond to an open AR item. If the payment corresponds to an AR item, then after information is entered into Cardinal, the Funds Receipt Manager and Processor will create and save a worksheet.

Use the **Accounting Date** field to enter the accounting date for each payment and for all pending items created from the payment. You can override the date on the **Regular Deposit - Payments** page.

Cardinal validates the accounting date to make sure it falls within the open period for the business unit and transaction type as defined on the **Open Period** page for the business unit.









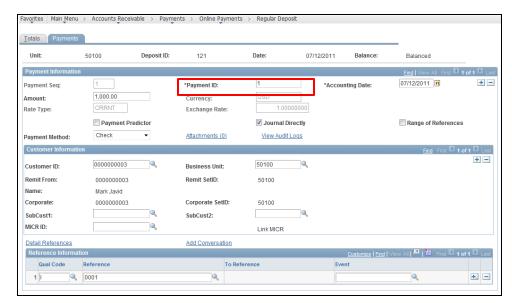
Topic 1: Entering a Payment

Enter a Direct Journal Payment

You may receive payments that do not correspond to open items (non-receivable payments), such as employee travel advance reimbursement.

Cardinal refers to these payments as directly journaled payments because you can create accounting entries for them without applying them to an item. Use the **Payment ID** field to identify a payment. You can enter the check number or any other identifying number.

Cardinal treats these items as miscellaneous cash receipts. These receipts are not associated with a customer and they are not applied to any item.





avorites Main Menu > Accounts Receivable > Payments > Online Payments > Regular Deposit										
<u>Totals</u> Payments								_		
Unit:	50100	Deposit ID:	121	Date:	0	7/12/2011	Balance:	Balanced	_	
Payment Information	n					,		Find View All First	1 of 1 Last	
Payment Seq:	1		*Payment ID:	1		*Accour	nting Date:	07/12/2011	+ -	
Amount:	1,000.00		Currency:	USD		-				
Rate Type:	CRRNT		Exchange Rate	e:	1.00000000					
	Payment Pr	edictor		Journal Directly				Range of References	S	
Payment Method:	Check	▼	Attachments (0	<u>Vie</u>	w Audit Logs					
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Customer ID:	000000003	Q	Business Unit:	5010	0				+ -	
Remit From:	000000003		Remit SetID:	5010	0					
Name:	Mark Javid									
Corporate:	000000003		Corporate Setl	D: 5010	0					
SubCust1:		<u></u>	SubCust2:		Q					
MICR ID:		<u></u>		Link	MICR					
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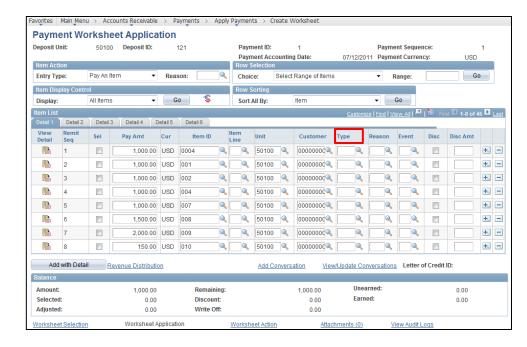


Topic 1: Entering a Payment

Enter a Partial Payment or an Overpayment

Occasionally, a partial payment or an overpayment is received and needs to be entered into Cardinal. The initial steps for entering a partial payment or overpayment are the same as those for entering a regular payment.

In addition to the standard information for entering a payment into Cardinal, you will need to create an On Account (OA) line **Type** to store the excess funds on the payment worksheet.



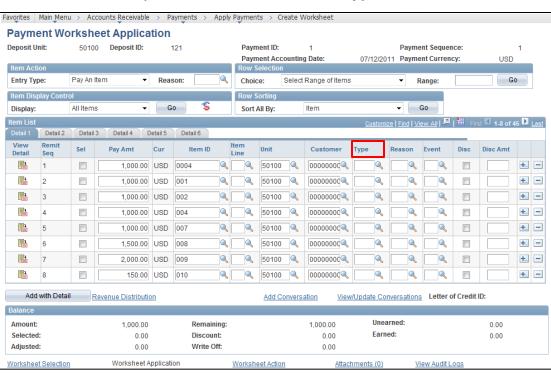


Topic 1: Entering a Payment

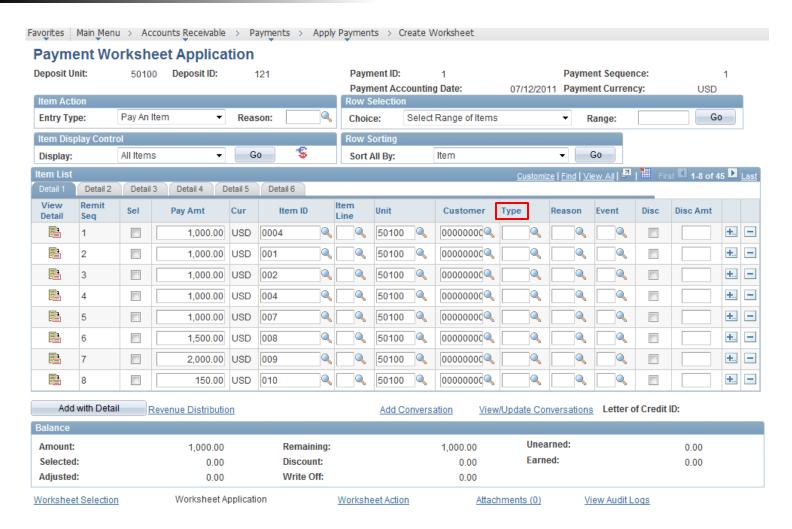
Enter a Pre-Payment and On-Account Payment

When a payment is received for an item that does not exist in Cardinal, you must create a Pre-Payment or On-Account worksheet.

- If the payment is associated with a project, create a Pre-Payment. Payments associated with projects should not be direct journaled. If the payment is not associated with a project, enter an On-Account payment.
- You can specify if the item is a Pre-Payment or On-Account in the Type column next to the Customer ID.









Lesson Simulation

Entering a Payment

You are now about to view a simulation on entering a regular payment in Cardinal.



Lesson Summary

Lesson Summary

In this lesson, you learned:

- Users may enter identifying information for payments related to receivable items. Item IDs, or Customer IDs, are entered to aid application of payments against the appropriate receivable balances.
- · How to enter different types of payments into Cardinal.
- Payments may or may not correspond to an open AR item. If the payment corresponds to an AR item, then after information is entered into Cardinal, the Funds Receipt Manager and Processor will create and save a worksheet.
- Cardinal refers to these payments as directly journaled payments because you can create accounting entries for them without applying them to an item.
- When a payment is received for an item that does not exist in Cardinal, you must create a Pre-Payment or On-Account worksheet.



Introduction

Lesson Objectives

Upon completion of this lesson, you will be able to:

- Describe the Payment Processing process
- · Process payments in Cardinal



Introduction

Lesson Topics

In this lesson, you will learn about the following topics:

Processing a Payment





Topic 1: Processing a Payment

Processing a Payment

Processing payments involves the processing and applying of payments received and recorded as part of the enter deposits process.

The information included when entering a payment into Cardinal determines how a payment should be processed.



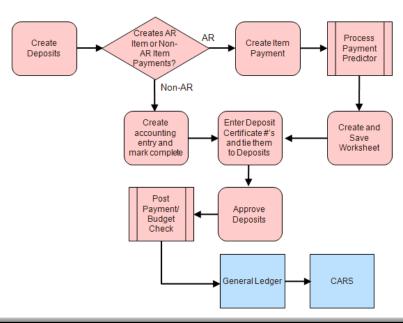
Topic 1: Processing a Payment

Payment Matches AR Open Items

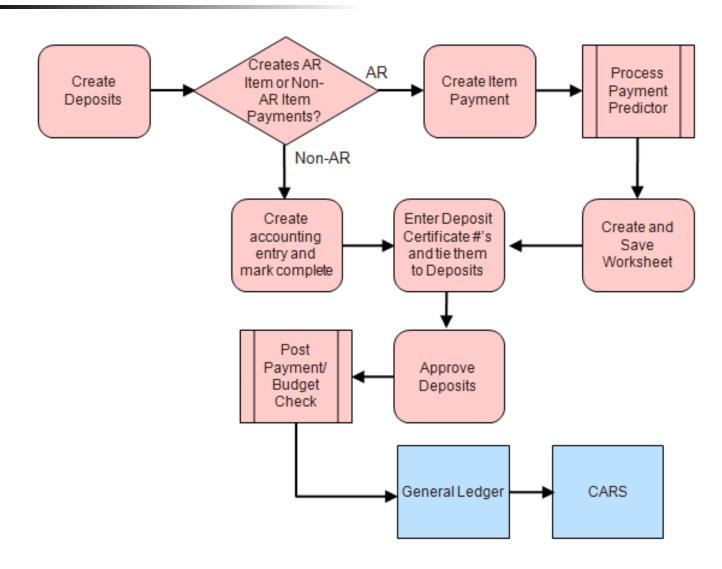
Payment entries with the **Payment Predictor** field (checkbox) selected are processed through the payment predictor batch process.

Only payments that match AR items should go through the payment predictor. The payment predictor automatically matches payments to open items.

Once a payment has been entered and saved, the payment predictor batch process in Cardinal creates and saves a worksheet.









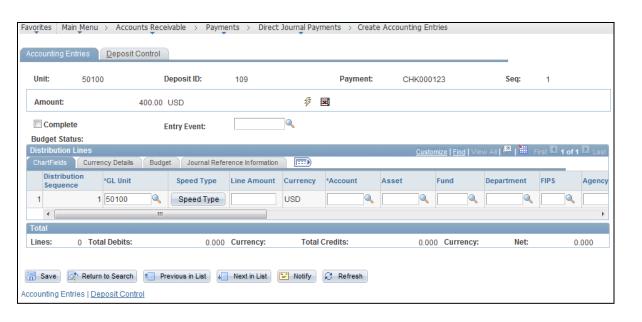
Topic 1: Processing a Payment

Payment Does NOT Match AR Open Items

If you are entering a payment and it does not match to an open item, the payment should be marked for **Direct Journal Payment**.

After saving the payment entry, you need to add items by using the **Create Accounting Entries** page within Cardinal. You then associate the entries with the regular deposit just entered.

Once marked as complete and saved, the payment will be correctly processed by Cardinal.





Favorites Main Menu > Accounts Receivable > Payments > Direct Journal Payments > Create Accounting Entries														
					·									
Acco	unting Ent	ries	<u>D</u> eposit (Control										
Un	it:	5010	0	D	eposit ID:	109		Payme	nt:	CHK000	123	Seq:	1	
Ar	nount:			400.00	USD		琴	×						
	Complete Entry Event:													
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	+									'		'		.
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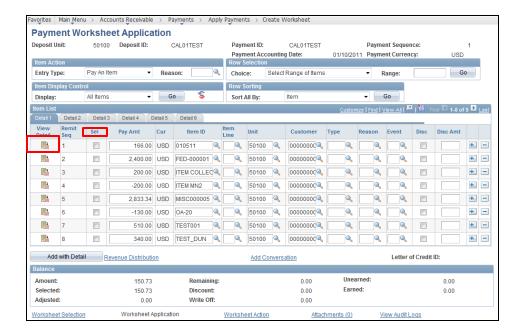
Topic 1: Processing a Payment

<u>Payment Received is a Partial Payment or an</u> Overpayment

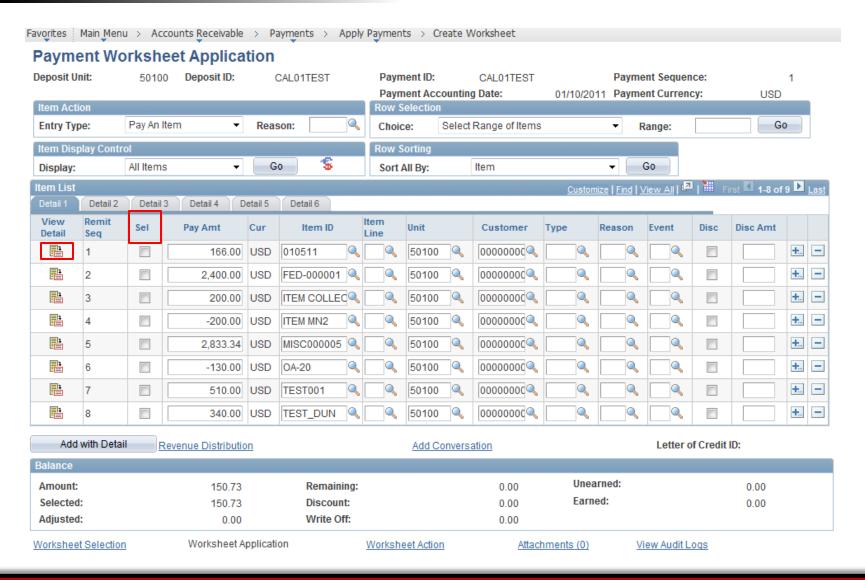
If the payment received is a partial payment or an overpayment, a payment worksheet must be manually created using the **Payment Worksheet Application** in order for the payment to be properly processed.

Once you search for the deposit that has the partial or overpayment, you can select the items that need to be adjusted by checking the box in the **Sel** column. To view more detail on the item, you can select the icon in the **View Details** column.

A payment worksheet allows you to apply payments to one or more items. You create worksheets manually.









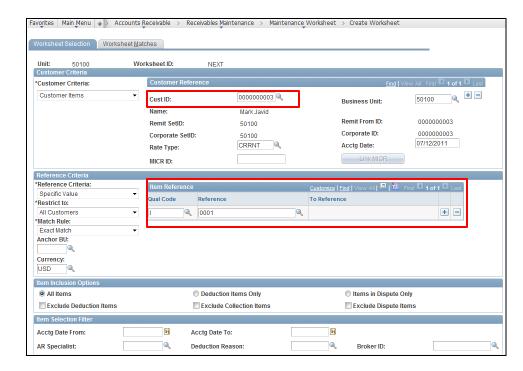
Topic 1: Processing a Payment

<u>Payment Received is a Partial Payment or an</u> Overpayment (Continued)

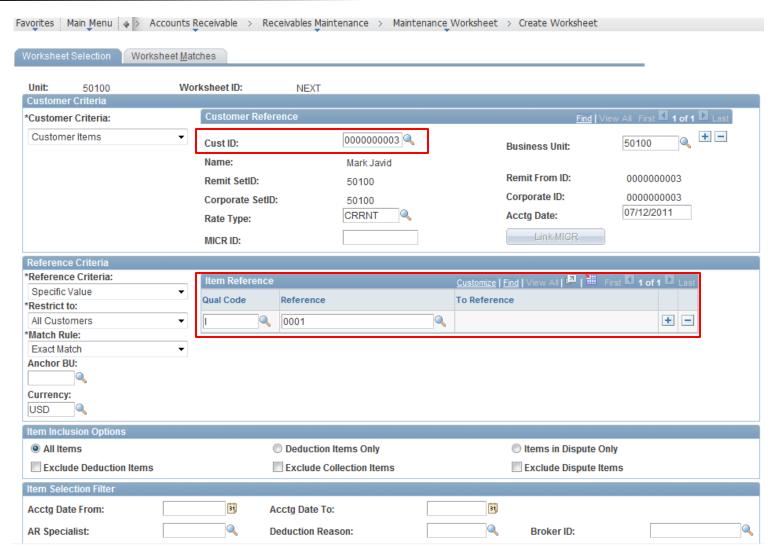
Upon creation, they will be tied to the original regular payment entry and picked up during processing.

For overpayments, you first create a payment worksheet, and then issue the payee a refund using a **Maintenance Worksheet**. You input the item reference information, which includes the **Customer ID**, **Qual Code**, and **Reference**. You will also need to manually select **USD** for the currency. Once complete, you can build the worksheet.

After building the worksheet, you select a **Type** and **Reason** (i.e. Refund a Credit) for the overpayment item and **Save**. You then use the information found on **Create Accounting Entries** page to create the Accounts Payable Voucher for the payee.









Topic 1: Processing a Payment

Budget Check Payments

After a deposit entry has been added (matching AR items or non-matching AR items), it is budget checked, usually during the nightly batch processing.

The budget checking process updates revenue buckets and creates commitment control budget lines for revenue related entries.

If an expense account is used on the direct journal accounting lines, it will be reflected in the budget activity tables.

Expense accounts are not excluded from budget structures.



Lesson Simulation

Entering a Payment

You are now about to view a simulation on entering a regular payment in Cardinal.



Lesson Summary

Lesson Summary

In this lesson, you learned:

- Processing payments involves the processing and applying of payments received and recorded as part of the enter deposits process.
- Only payments that match AR items should go through the payment predictor. The payment predictor automatically matches payments to open items.
- If you are entering a payment and it does not match to an open item, the payment should be marked for **Direct** Journal Payment.
- If the payment received is a partial payment or an overpayment, a payment worksheet must be manually created using the **Payment Worksheet Application** in order for the payment to be properly processed.
- After a deposit entry has been added (matching AR items or non-matching AR items), it is budget checked, usually
 during nightly batch processing.



Introduction

Lesson Objectives

After completing this lesson, you will be able to:

- Explain the process and steps involved with finalizing a deposit in Cardinal
- Explain how to post and reconcile a payment in Cardinal
- Explain the deposit certificate process
- Finalize a deposit



Introduction

Lesson Topics

In this lesson, you will learn about the following topics:

- Finalizing a Deposit
- Post and Reconcile a Payment





Topic 1: Finalizing a Deposit

Deposit Certificate Process

Once a deposit has been properly entered, Cardinal generates a report that lists the deposits and their status.

A nightly batch process validates deposits related to an approved deposit certificate for processing to GL.

A manager uses this report to calculate the control amounts and totals, and then enters the **Deposit Certificate Number** and the deposits into the Approve Deposits page. This value should be the sum of the deposit amounts from the individual deposits.

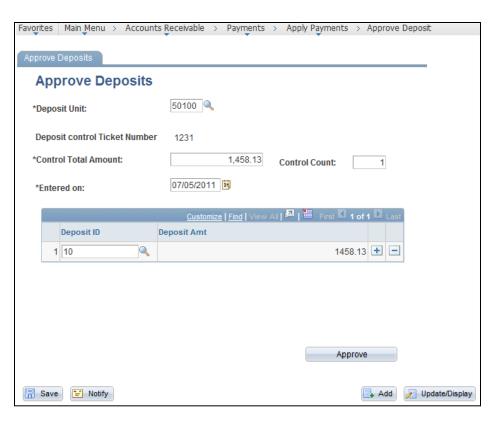
Cardinal ensures that the control amounts match the related totals. If the amounts do match, an approval button becomes available and then a manager can complete the payments by "approving" the deposit certificate.



Topic 1: Finalizing a Deposit

Finalizing a Deposit

Once a deposit has gone through the deposit certificate process and has been approved by a manager, Cardinal will automatically set the worksheet that is created to **Batch Standard** status.





Topic 2: Reconciling a Payment

Reconciling a Payment

The receivables update process updates the receivable item, item activity, and generates accounting entries. Once a group of receivable items is posted, the receivable update process creates distribution lines for the items, using the accounting template for the appropriate automatic entry template.

The process creates the items, generates accounting entries, updates item activity, and updates the customer balance.



Lesson Simulation

Entering a Payment

You are now about to view a simulation on entering a regular payment in Cardinal.



Lesson Summary

Lesson Summary

In this lesson, you learned:

- Once a deposit has been properly entered, Cardinal generates a report that lists the deposits and their status.
- A nightly batch process validates deposits related to an approved deposit certificate for processing to GL.



Introduction

Lesson Objectives

After completing this lesson, you will be able to:

Describe the key Deposits reports and queries



Introduction

Lesson Topics

In this lesson, you will learn about the following topics:

- Reports
- Queries





Topic 1: Reports

Reports

Deposits reports and queries can be run at various intervals. There are numerous Deposits reports available. Three frequently used reports include:

- Deposit Summary
- Payment Summary
- Payment Detail



Topic 1: Reports

Deposit Summary

This report lists detailed information for deposits.

You can navigate to this report through the following path:

Accounts Receivable > Payments > Reports > Deposit Control by Entry Date

Operator: ALL Deposit Type: ALL Bank Account: ALL	10% Amount VALUES VALUES VALUES VALUES	PeopleSoft Re DEPOSIT S For 01-MAY-2011 thm	SUMMARY			Page No. 1 Run Date 08/09/2011 Run Time 20:32:14
Entry Date Unit Deposit II	Oper Assn Oper Type Bank Acct E	Bal Post Status	Control Amount	Entered Amount	Posted Amount	Journalled Amt
05/04/2011 50100 156 157		es Complete (es Complete	5,897.50 0.00	5,897.50 0.00	5,897.50 0.00	0.00
	Total	l For 50100	5,897.50	5,897.50	5,897.50	0.00 USD
	Total	l For 05/04/2011	5,897.50	5,897.50	5,897.50	0.00 USD



Topic 1: Reports

Payment Summary

This report lists status for all payments within a deposit.

You can navigate to this report through the following path:

Accounts Receivable > Payments > Reports > Payment Summary

Report ID: AR20003 Deposit BU: Report Currency: Deposit ID: OPRID: Post Status:		PeopleSoft Receivables PAYMENT SUMMARY 50100% For 01-MAY-2011 through 09-AUG-2011 Base Amount ALL VALUES ALL VALUES All										
Entry Dt	Dep BU	Deposit ID	OPRID	Assn OPRID	Post Status	Seq	Acctg Dt	Payment II		Pymt Status	Entered Amount	
05/04/2011	50100	156	JOHN DOE BR	JOHN DOE BR) Complete	1	05/04/2011	CHK95		Complete	5,897.50 USD	
								Т	TOTAL FOR 156		5,897.50 USD	
		157	JOHN DOE BR	JOHN DOE BR	Complete	1 2	05/04/2011 05/04/2011	GB123 GB456		Journalled Journalled	1,914.00 USD 2,001.30 USD	
								T	TOTAL FOR	157	3,915.30 USD	
								Т	TOTAL FOR	50100	9,812.80 USD	
								Т	TOTAL FOR	05/04/2011	9,812.80 USD	



Topic 1: Reports

Payment Detail

This report provides a list of detailed information for all payments within a deposit, such as the payment status and entered amount. The payment details are unavailable if the posting status is unavailable.

You can navigate to this report through the following path:

Accounts Receivable > Payments > Reports > Payment Detail

Depos1	Currency: ID:	50100% Base Amoun ALL VALUES ALL VALUES ALL VALUES				Receivables T DETAIL through 09-AU	G-2011			Page No. 13 Run Date 08/09/2011 Run Time 17:09:03
Seq	Acctg Dt	Payment ID	Payment Amount		Customer		Item ID	Entry Type/Reason		Pending Item Amount
	TOTALS FOR	47	100,000.00 USD							-100,000.00 USD
	TOTALS FOR	50100	102,916.26 USD							-100,000.00 USD
	TOTALS FOR	01/25/2011	102,916.26 USD							-100,000.00 USD
Entry 1	Oate: 01/26/	2011								
Deposi	t: 50100 4	8	Operator: V_AR_FUNDS_RECEIP	rs_manac	ER					
1	01/26/2011	Al	53,180.00 USD	I					NO	
	TOTALS FOR	48	53,180.00 USD							0.00
Deposi	1: 50100 4	9	Operator: V_AR_FUNDS_RECEIP	rs_manac	ER					
1	01/26/2011	TST308	1,500.00 USD	U					NO	
	TOTALS FOR	49	1,500.00 USD							0.00
Deposi	: 50100 S	0 (Operator: V_AR_FUNDS_RECEIP	rs_manag	ER					
	01/26/2011		110.00 USD		50100 ARCUSTOMER	John R	0001	Payment	NO	-110.00 USD
2	01/26/2011	A2	220.00 USD	C	50100 AUG CUST	August Cus	0002	Payment	YES	-220.00 USD
	TOTALS FOR	50	330.00 UED							-330.00 USD
Deposi	: 50100 S	1	Operator: V_AR_FUNDS_RECEIP	rs_manag	ER					
1	01/26/2011	В1	330.00 USD	U					NO	
2	01/26/2011	B2	440.00 USD	C	50100 JUNE CUST	June Custo	0004	Payment	YES	-440.00 USD



PeopleSoft Receivables
PAYMENT DETAIL
For 09-AUG-1900 through 09-AUG-2011

Report ID: AR20002 Deposit BU: Report Currency: Deposit ID: OPRID:

50100% Base Amount ALL VALUES ALL VALUES

OPRID: Post S		ALL VAL								
Seq	Acctg Dt	Payment ID	Payment Amount	Status	Customer		Item ID	Entry Type/Reason		Pending Item Amount
	TOTALS FOR	47	100,000.00 USD							-100,000.00 USD
	TOTALS FOR	50100	102,916.26 USD							-100,000.00 USD
		01/25/2011	102,916.26 USD							-100,000.00 USD
Entry	Date: 01/26	/2011								
Deposi	t: 50100	48	Operator: V_AR_FUNDS_RECEI	TS_MANAG	ER					
1	01/26/2011	Al	53,180.00 USD	I					NO	
	TOTALS FOR	48	53,180.00 USD							0.00
Deposi	t: 50100	49	Operator: V_AR_FUNDS_RECEI	TS_MANAC	ER					
1	01/26/2011	TST308	1,500.00 USD	U					NO	
	TOTALS FOR	49	1,500.00 USD							0.00
Deposi	t: 50100	50	Operator: V_AR_FUNDS_RECEI	TS_MANAC	EER					
	01/26/2011 01/26/2011		110.00 USD 220.00 USD		50100 ARCUSTOMER 50100 AUG CUST	John R August Cus	0001	Payment Payment	NO YES	-110.00 USD -220.00 USD
_				_	20100 200 0001	August cus	0002	z dynamic.	11111	
	TOTALS FOR	50	330.00 USD							-330.00 USD
Deposi	t: 50100	51	Operator: V_AR_FUNDS_RECEI	TS_MANAC	ER					
	01/26/2011 01/26/2011		330.00 USD 440.00 USD		50100 JUNE CUST	June Custo	0004	Payment	NO YES	-440.00 USD

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Run Date 08/09/2011

Run Time 17:09:03



Topic 2: Queries

Deposits Queries

RAR04 Deposits Not Posted To GL: This query shows a listing of all item and direct journal deposits that were not posted to GL. This process can be used to audit the DC custom process to ensure all deposits were posted to GL. The query will accept user inputs of Business Unit, Bank Code, and date range.

You can navigate to this report through the following path:

Reporting Tools > Query > Query Manager

Deposits Not Po	osted to GL								
Deposit Unit	Deposit ID	Deposit Type	Accounting Date	Payment Sequence	Payment Amount	Distribution Status	Journal Directly	User ID	Deposit Control Ticket Number
50100	104	1	3/1/2011	. 1	67000.000	G	N	JOHN.DOE	XYZ
50100	105	1	3/1/2011	. 1	1 2500.000	G	N	JOHN.DOE	105
50100	106	1	3/1/2011	, 1	1 2200.000	G	N	JOHN.DOE	OA010402
50100	116	1	3/21/2011	. 1	1 739.900	N	Υ	JOHN.DOE	DC01PA04
50100	119	1	3/24/2011	, 1	1 525.000	G	N	JOHN.DOE	DCNUM08
50100	122	1	3/29/2011	, 1	1 152.390	N	Υ	JOHN.DOE	122
50100	123	1	3/29/2011	, 1	1 500.000	N	Υ	JOHN.DOE	123
50100	146	1	4/18/2011	, 1	1 125.000	G	N	JOHN.DOE	PRESIRTS
50100	156	1	5/4/2011	, 1	1 5897.500	G	N	JOHN.DOE	GB6598
50100	157	i	5/4/2011	, 1	1 1914.000	N	Υ	JOHN.DOE	GB789
50100	157	i	5/4/2011	. 2	2001.300	N	Υ	JOHN.DOE	GB789
50100	1 61	i	5/12/2011	, 1	1 739.900	N	Υ	JOHN.DOE	DC02PA04
50100	1 81	i	6/7/2011	, 1	1 100000.000	G	N	JOHN.DOE	02PA0508
50100	186	i	6/14/2011	, 1	1 12000.000	G	N	JOHN.DOE	PA0508A
50100	1 89	1	6/17/2011	, 1	1 1000.000	G	N	JOHN.DOE	070206



Lesson Summary

Lesson Summary

In this lesson, you learned how to:

· Describe the key Deposits reports and queries



Lesson 6: Deposits Hands-on Practice

Course Summary

Simulation

You can now run the UPK simulations you have viewed in this course. This simulation will go back to every topic you have explored so far. You have 20 minutes to run the simulation.

Following this simulation, please refer to your Activity Guide to complete all the required exercises in Creating and Maintaining Deposits. You are encouraged to note all your questions and ask them to the instructor after completing all the exercises.

Open the **UPK** file on the **Desktop** to begin the simulation.



AR326: Creating and Maintaining Deposits

Course Summary

Course Summary

In this course, you learned how to:

- Define basic deposits terms
- List the different types of payments that can be entered into Cardinal
- Explain how maintaining deposits fits into the end-to-end process for Cardinal
- Explain how vendor processing integrates with Accounts Receivable
- Explain how deposits interfaces with other systems outside of Cardinal
- List the roles involved in the deposits process and describe tasks that each role performs
- Describe key reports and queries



AR326: Creating and Maintaining Deposits

Course Evaluation

Course Completed

Congratulations! You have completed the AR326: Creating and Maintaining Deposits course. Please use the evaluation link to assess this course.